Esas olas glicinas

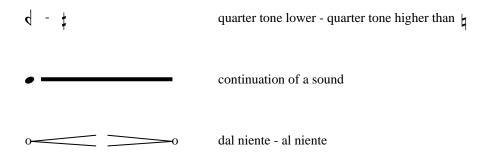
Flute (also piccolo) Soprano voice Violin Violoncello Piano

(Piccolo flute sounds an octave higher)

Performance notes:

Numbers 27 and 29 (pages 37 and 41) correspond to modules of improvisation. In them, must be played what is in the boxes in any order. After all boxes have been played, must swap the order of the boxes and start over. The dynamics and tempo of each box are free and independent to each other. The tempo for each box can be any between 30 and 90, and different for each time it is played. At first, the pause between each box should be the minimum time possible, gradually increasing (though not necessarily too regular) the duration of pauses as boxes are played, reaching a maximum of 5-7 seconds pause between each box. Must continue until the total duration for each module is met, which is indicated at the top of each module. It is recommended to photocopy these pages and cut the boxes separately, so musicians can arrange their own "versions" pasting the boxes in a separated sheet, at least for the first 2 series of boxes (because of the minimal time required between boxes).

General symbols:



	gradual transition between one way of playing to another
***	molto vibrato (fast), in any other case, play (or sing) without vibrato (at all)
∧ - ○ - □	short fermata - medium fermata - long fermata
Flute:	
⊽ (air) - ½ air	toneless air sound - half air and half tone

Х

Soprano voice:

x	percussive or noisy consonant	
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Note on multiphonics: any may be used, but always starting from the pitch listed

undefined pitch (used in multiphonics, overblows and keys noise)

air	soffio, in some cases accompanied by a syllable (Spanish phonetic) between brackets:"ga", "gue", "go", "gu". Suggesting color of the
	sound as if it were about to utter that syllable, but never ending in the vowel

ratchet additionally, must provide a small ratchet for number 27, which should be small enough to be out of sight of the audience until its use (commendably hidden in the music stand). Optionally a small toy plastic ratchet instead should work for this purpose

Strings:

rainstick

A	highest pitch possible
st - sp - esp - n	sul tasto - sul ponticello - extreme sul ponticello - normal bow position
pizz Θ	pizzicati should always be played in normal position - Bartok pizzicato
ord.	with maximum bow pressure, producing a grinding sound - normal bow pressure
x	mute indicated string(s) with left hand so no specific tone can be heard. Greater resonance of instrument should be achieved in the case of pizzicati (percussive sound)
abla	play right on the bridge or on the body of the instrument (on the "c"), as indicated, producing a breathy toneless sound
Piano:	
sandbag	for number 8 onwards, must provide a small sandbag, which is placed on the strings covering the highest octave of the piano, so it only can be heard the noise produced by the strike of the hammer, and no pitch at all. The sandbag should be easy to place and remove. A conventional scholar pencil case filled with sand (or the like), may be a good choice if necessary
+	play muting the string(s) with hand near the dampers
x	reference symbol used when the sound is being muted by the sandbag. (play as normal)

maracas may be used instead, as the same effect can be achieved with them.

additionally, must provide a rainstick for number 29, which should be out of sight of the audience (if possible) until its use. Optionally, 2

Text by Yamabe no Akahito (700-736 A.D.):

Esas olas glicinas que planté en mi jardín en recuerdo tuyo ahora están en flor

Pero ya no se distinguen pues la nieve ha caído

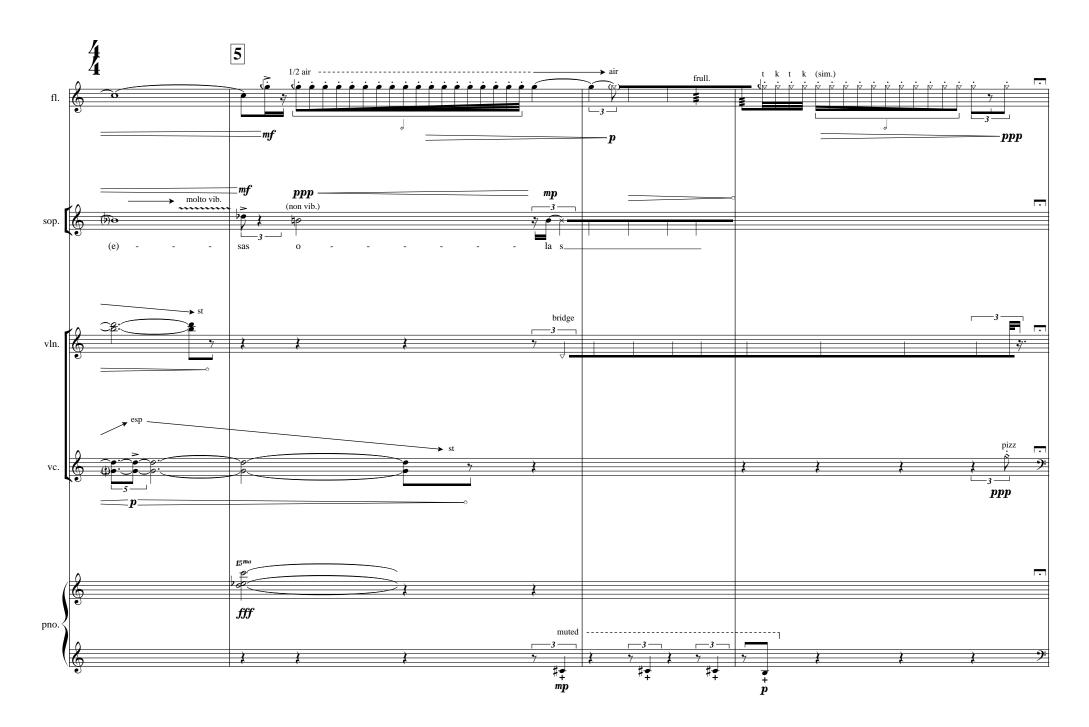
ESAS OLAS GLICINAS





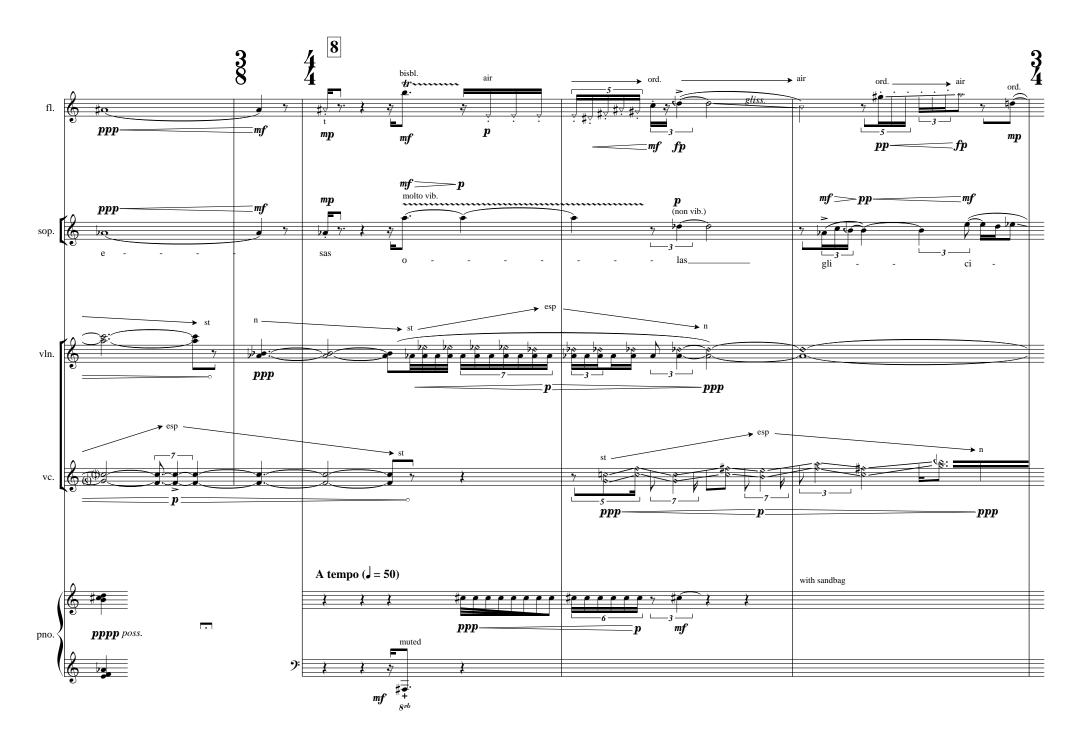


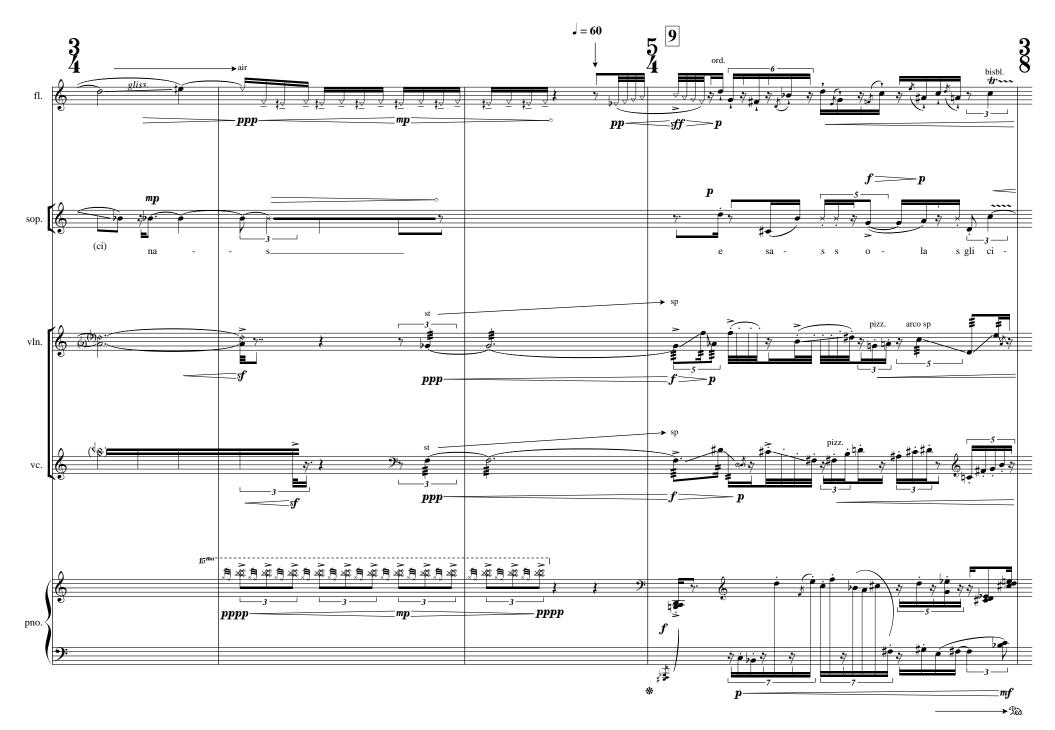




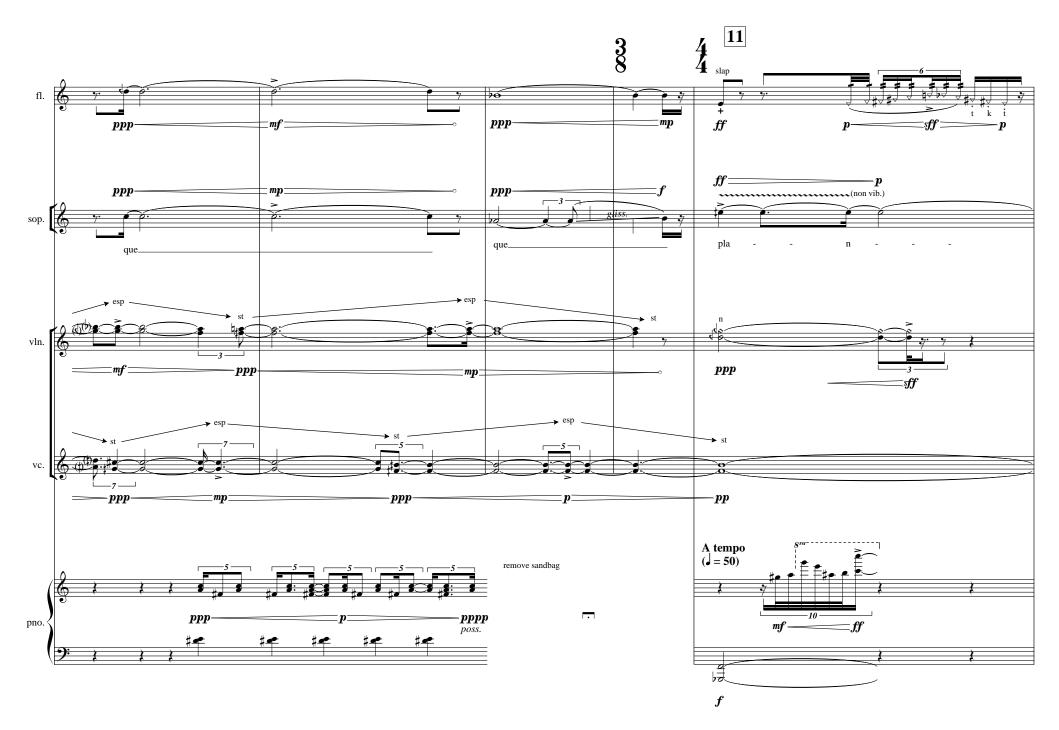




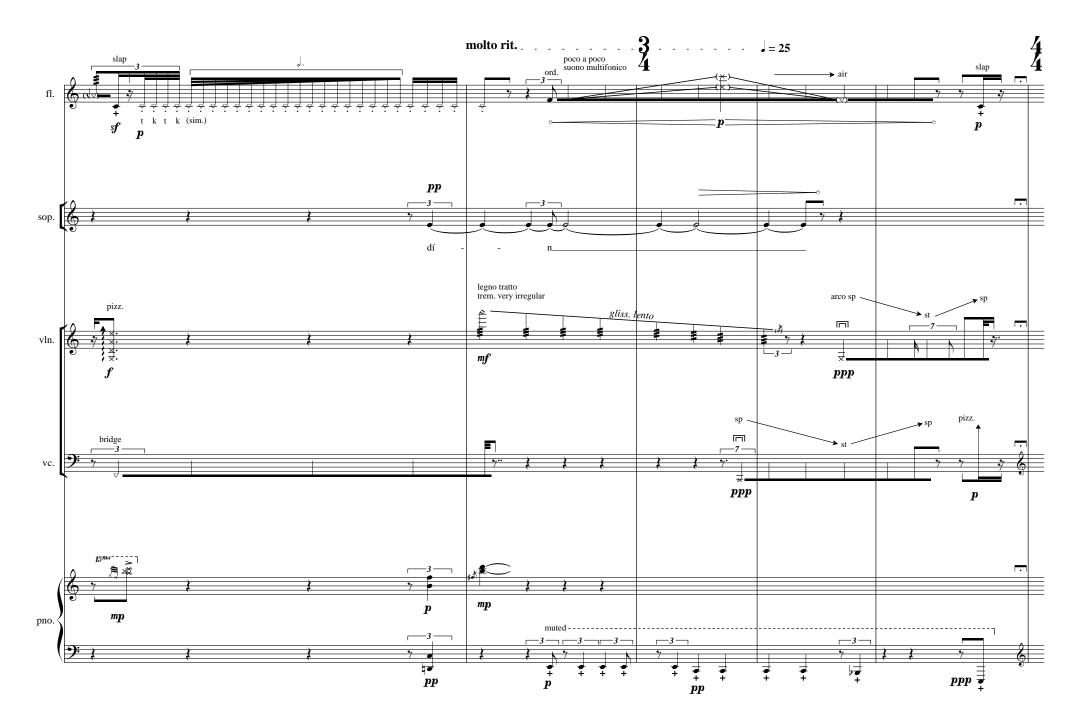


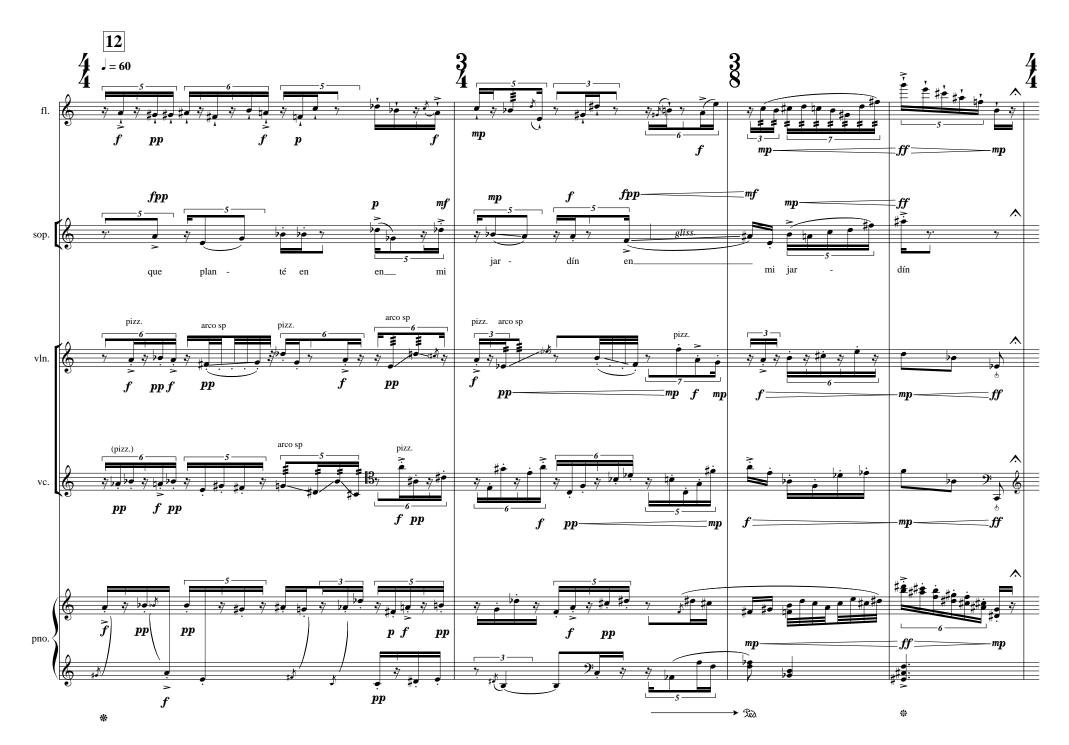


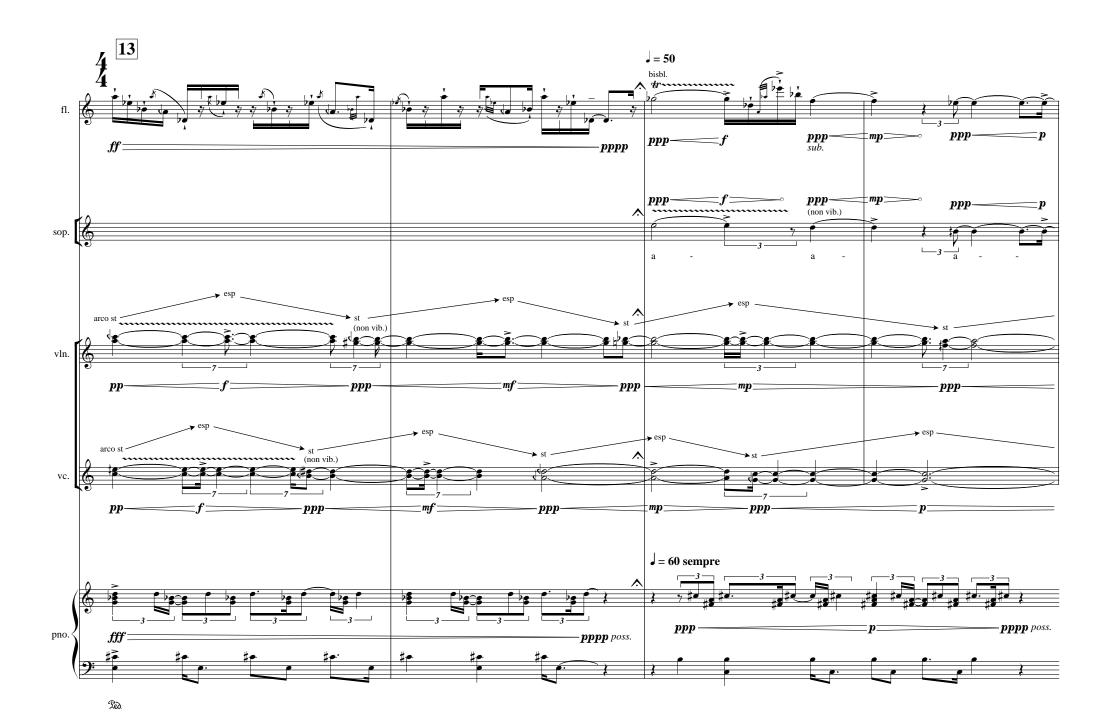


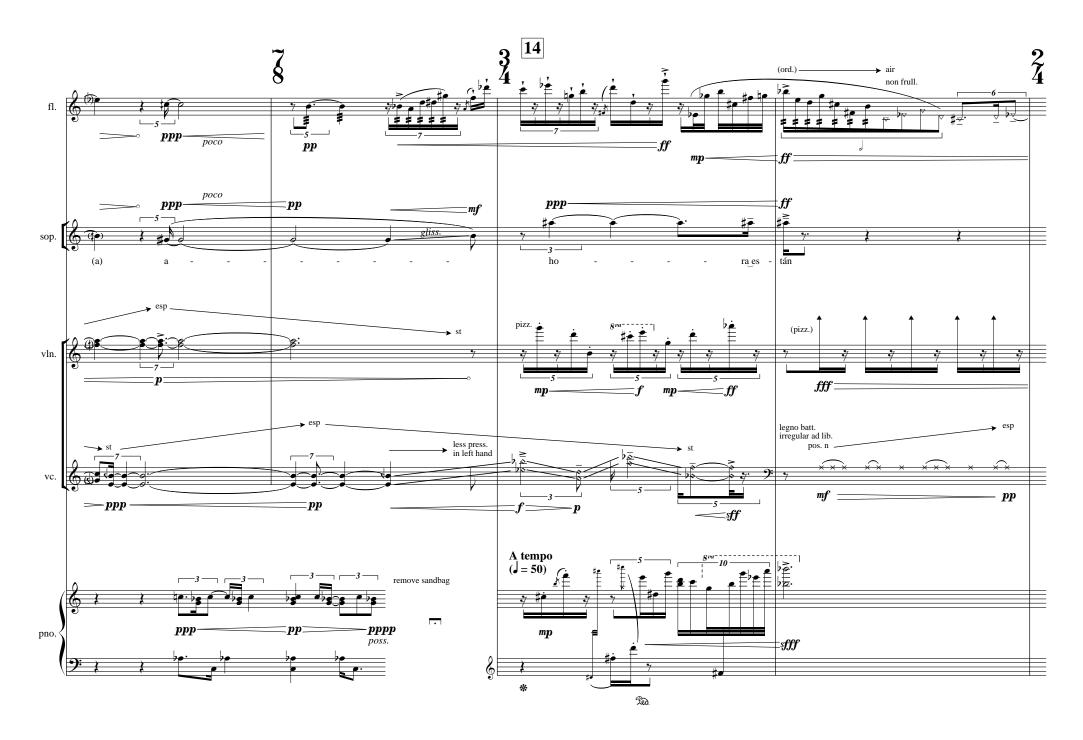


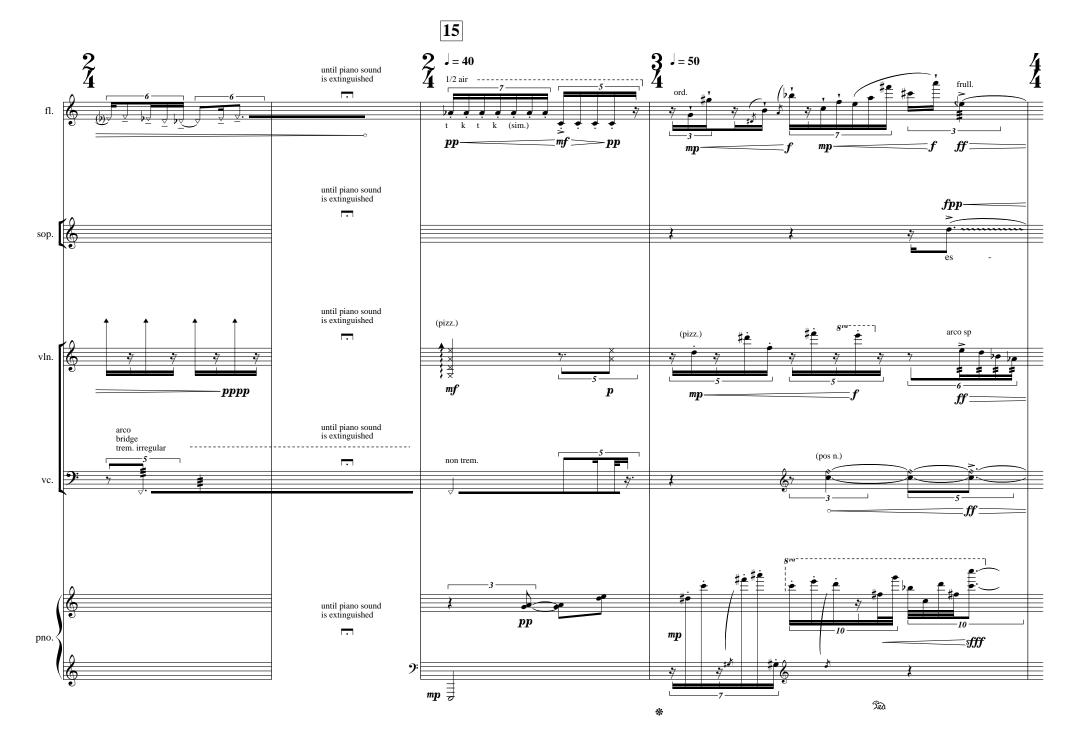




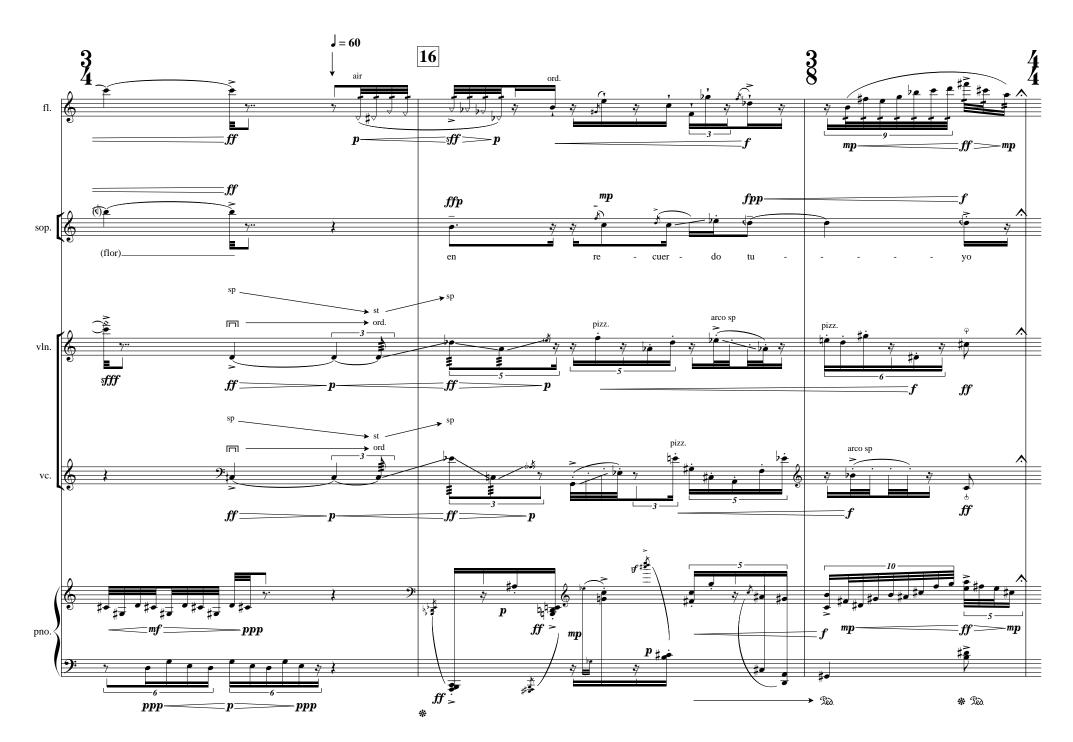


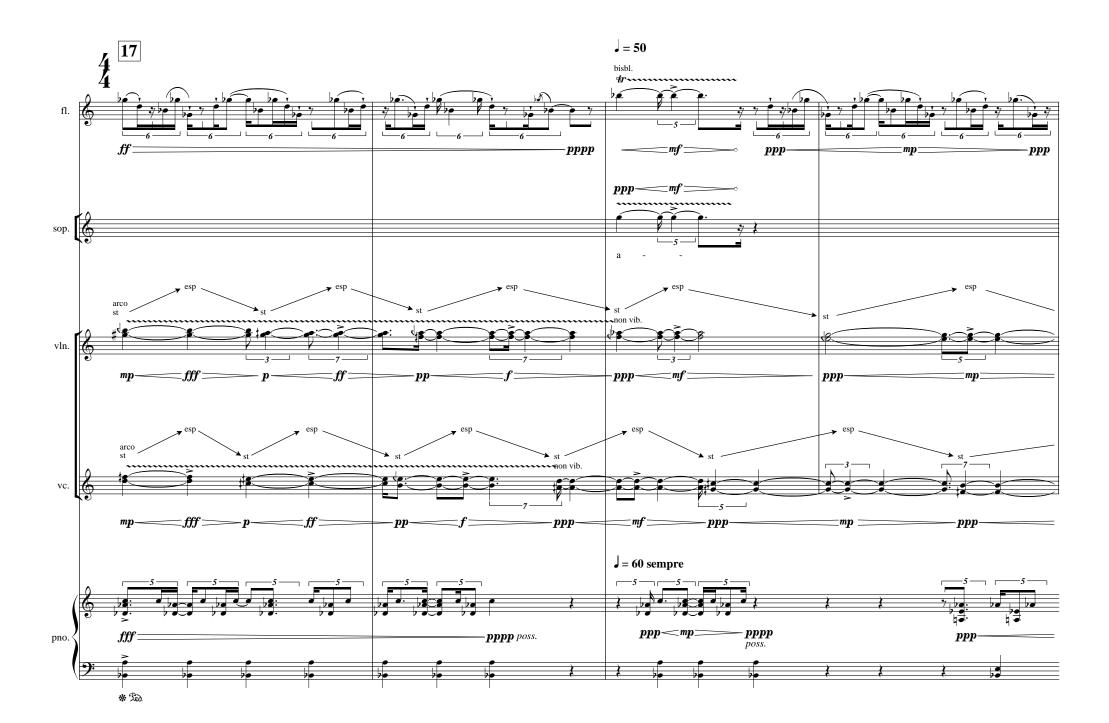


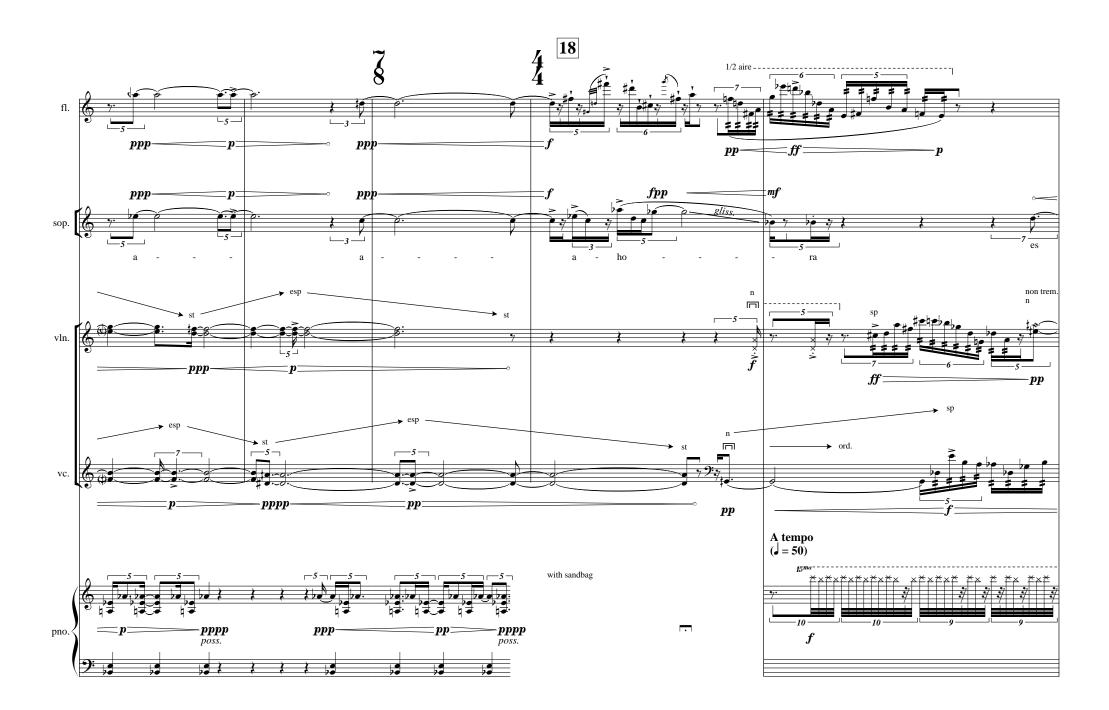


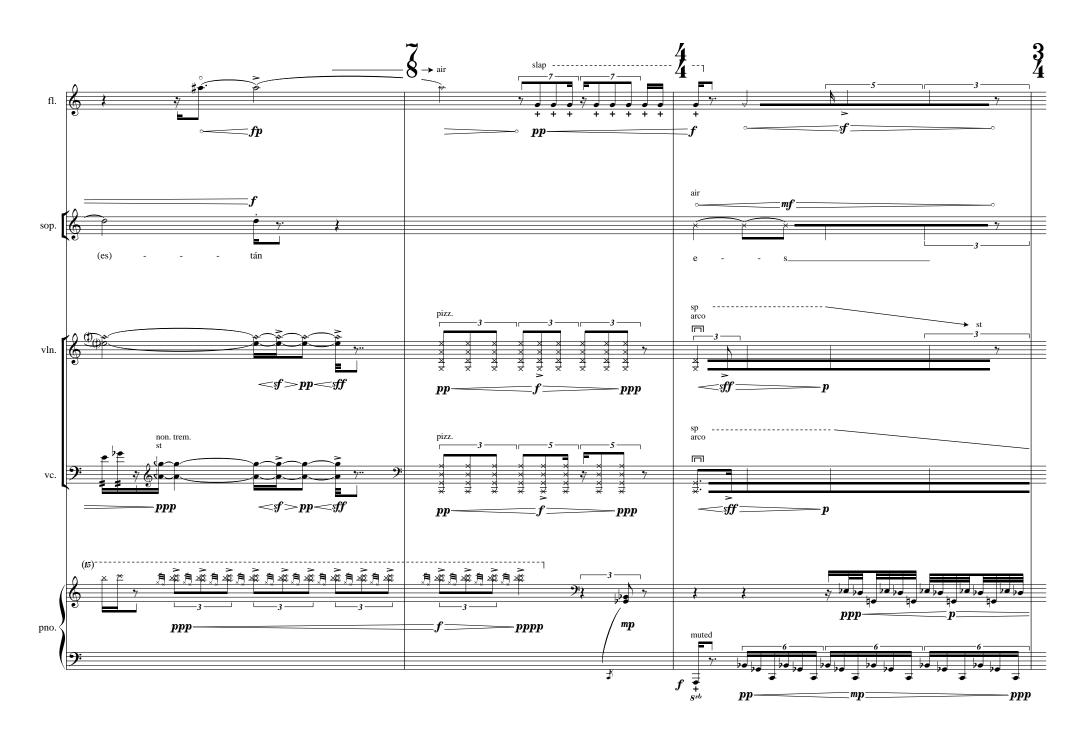








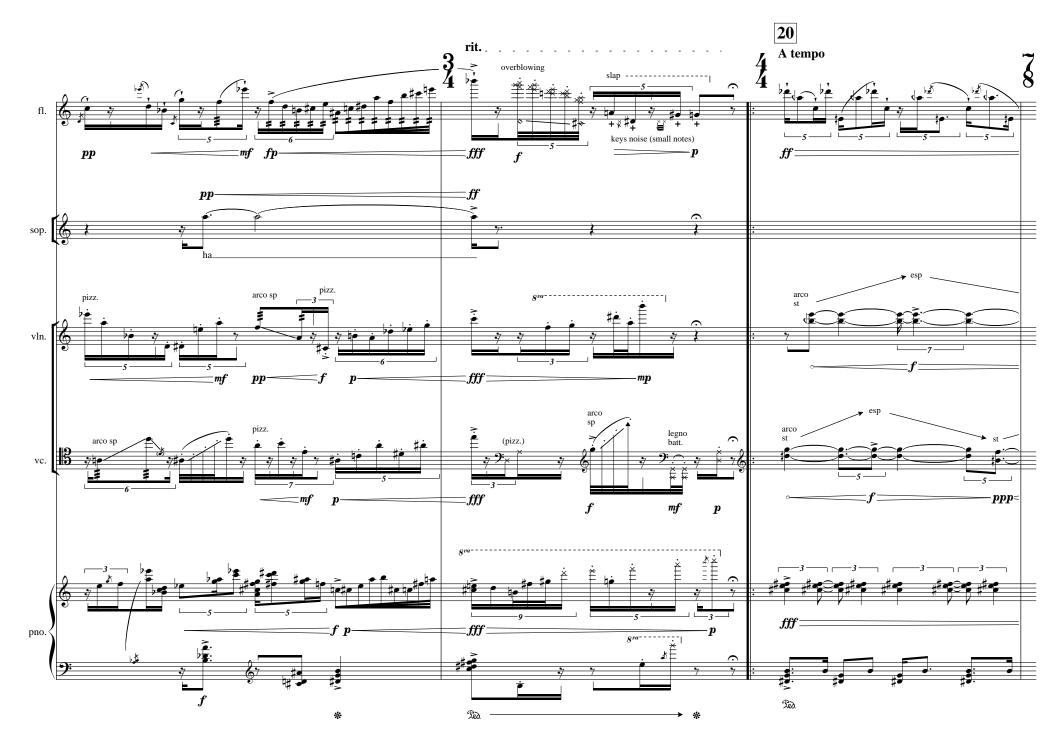


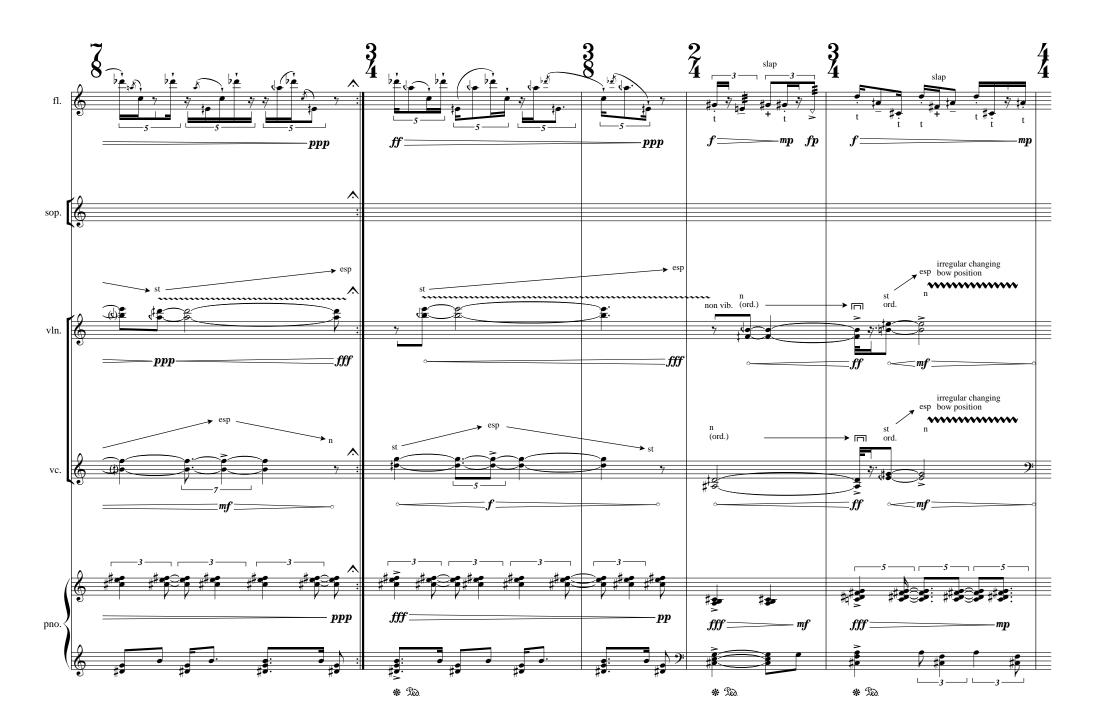




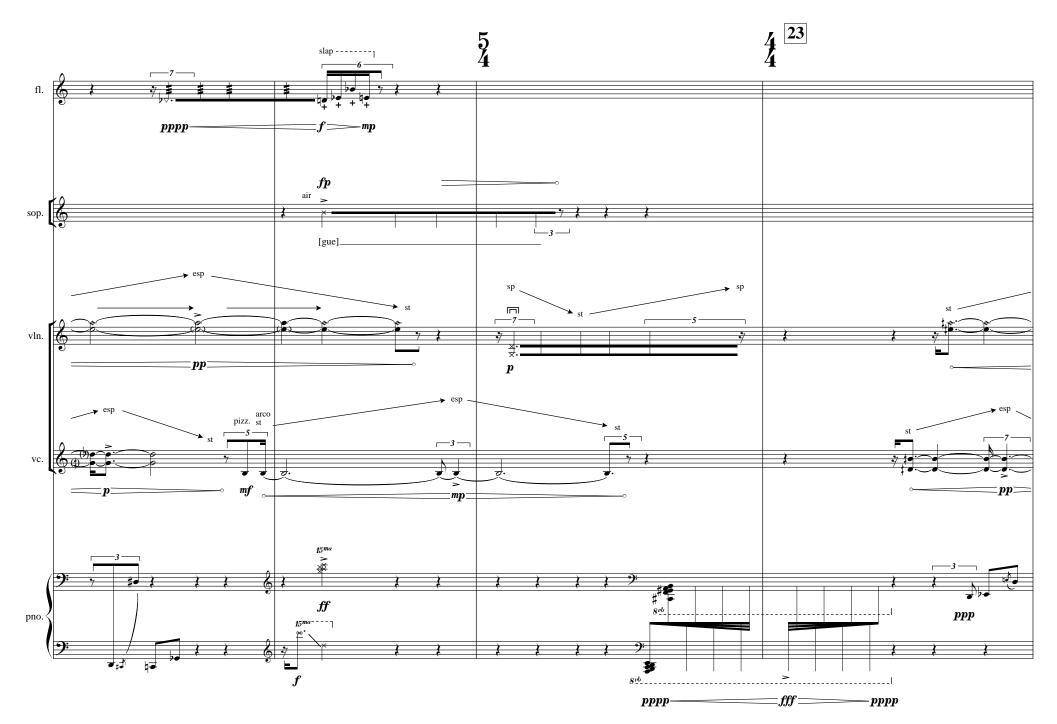


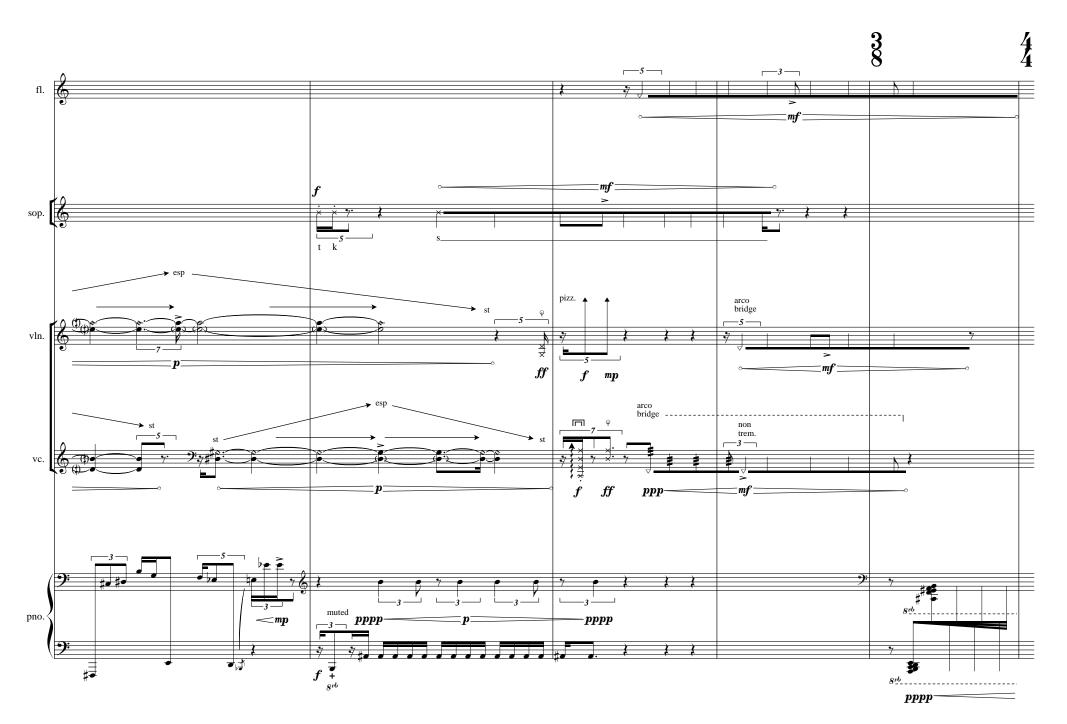


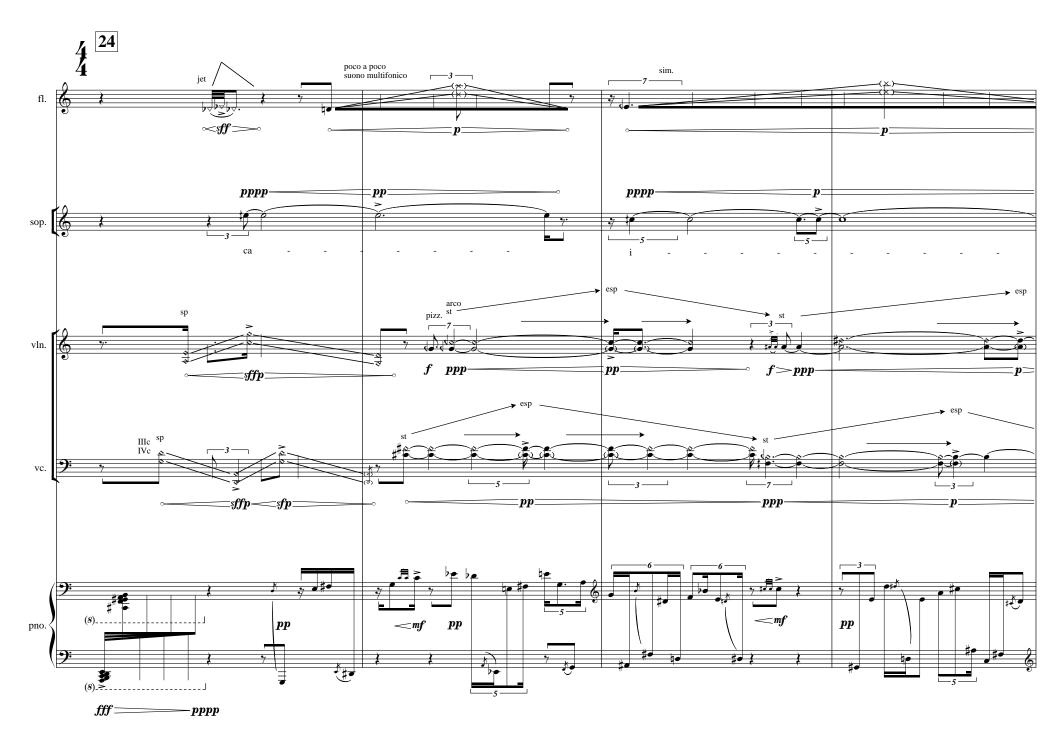


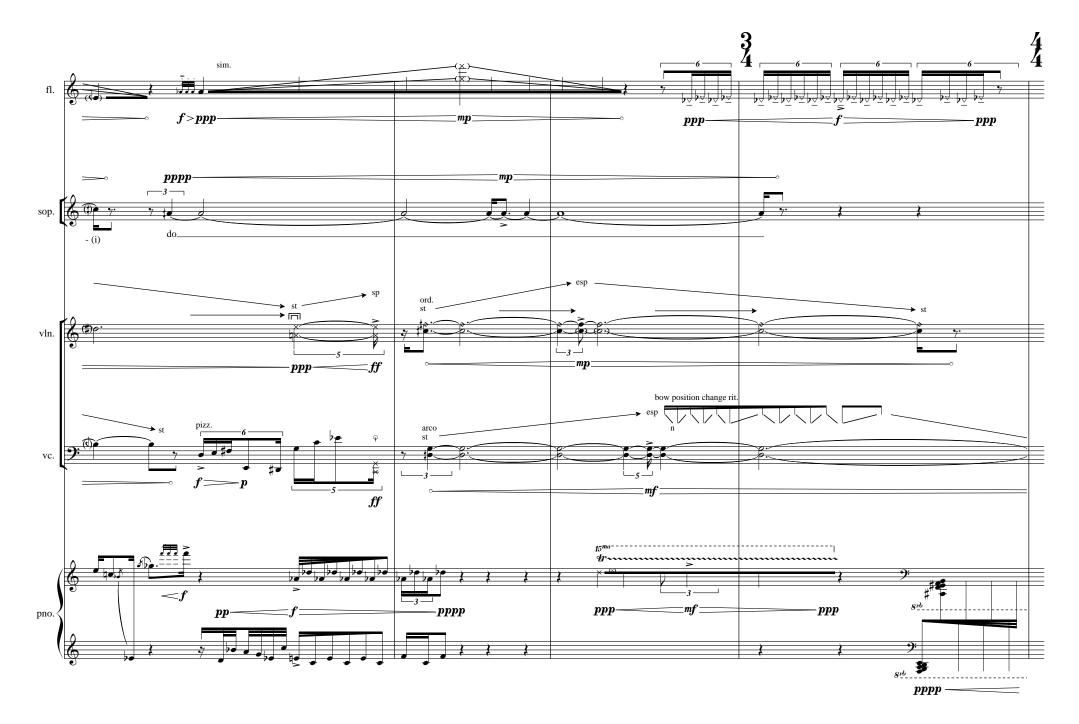




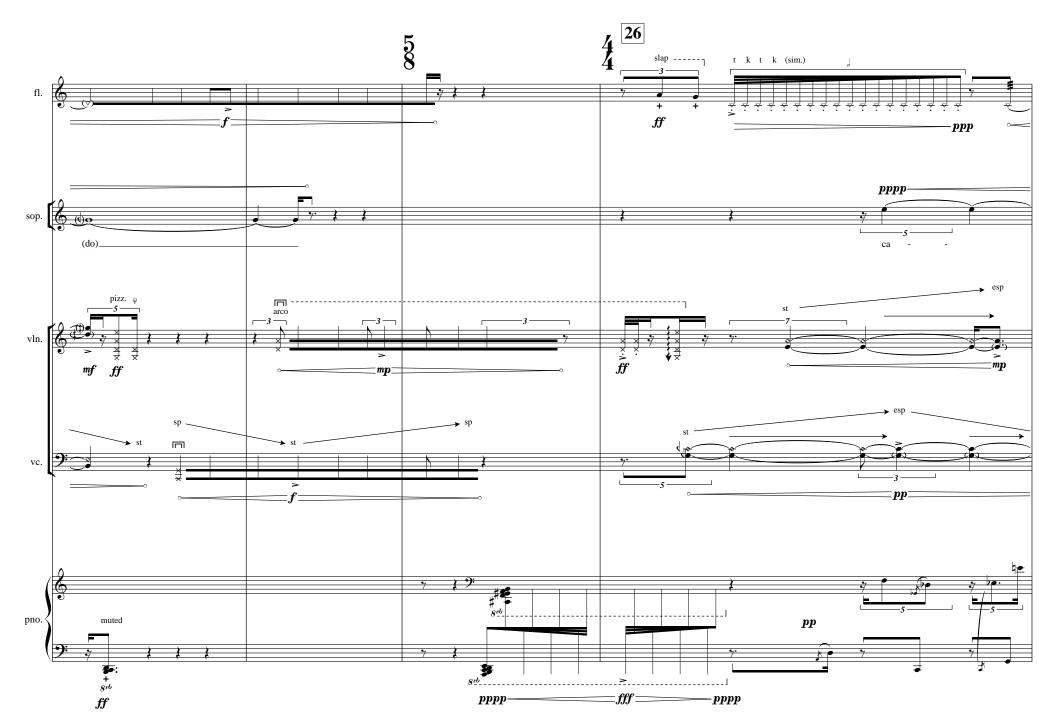






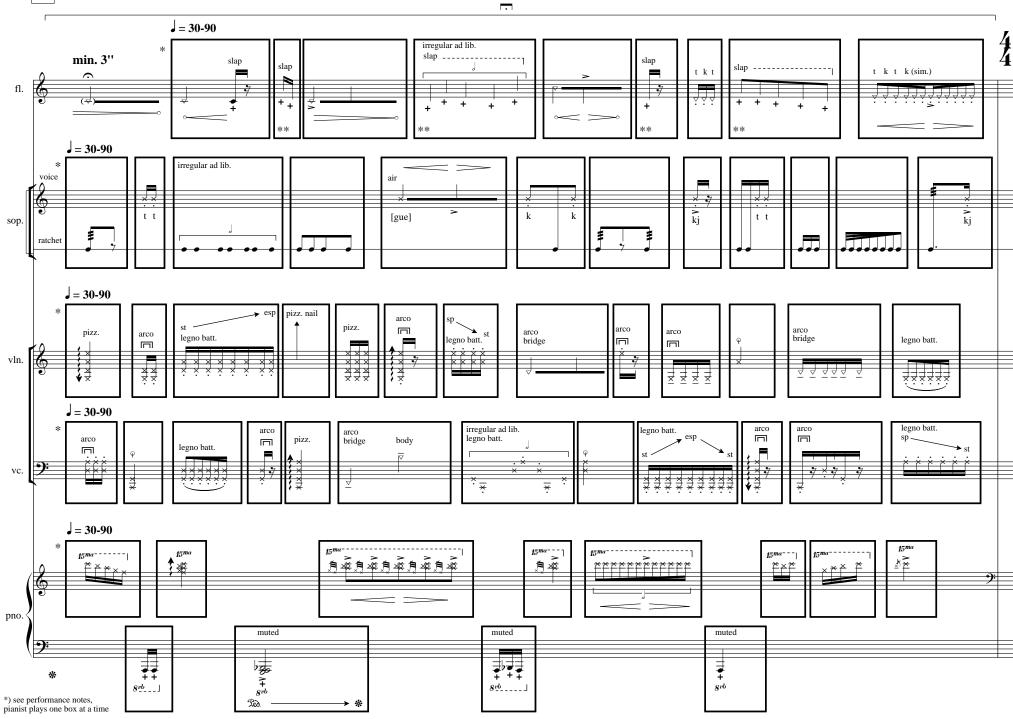


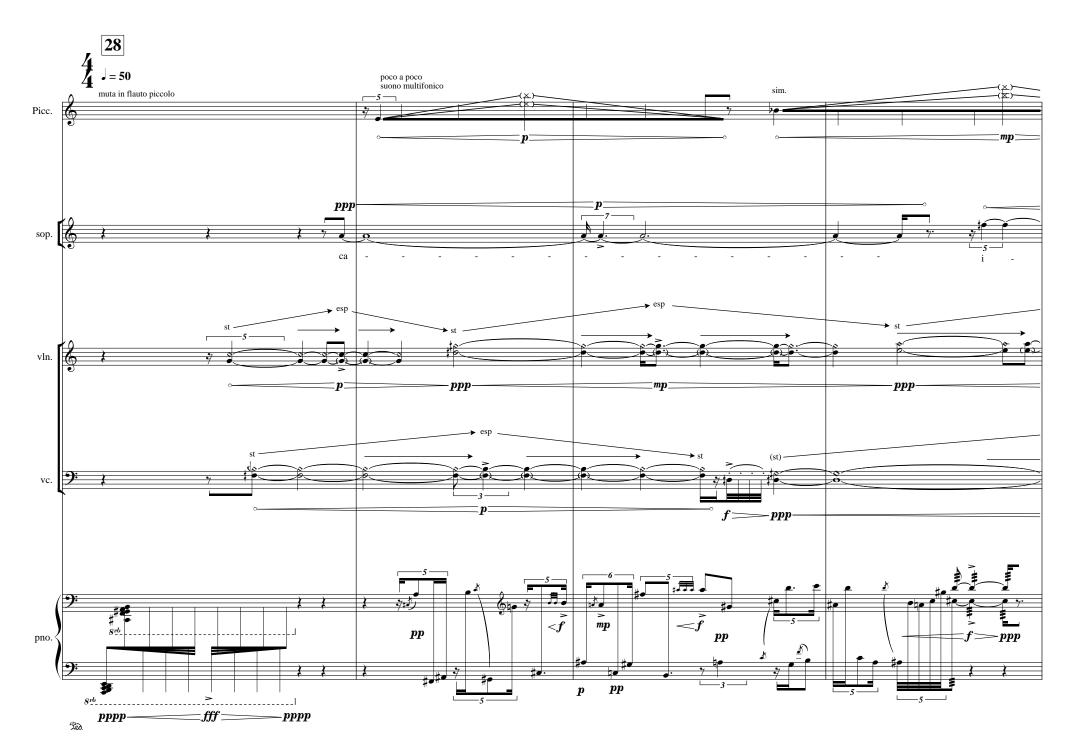


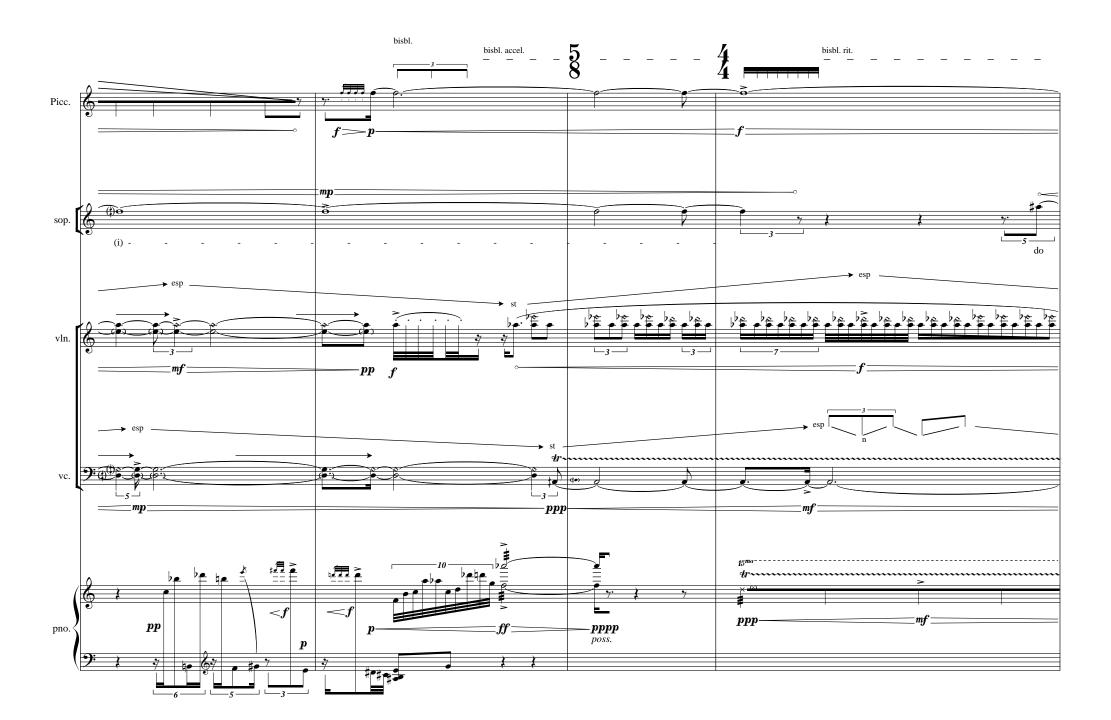


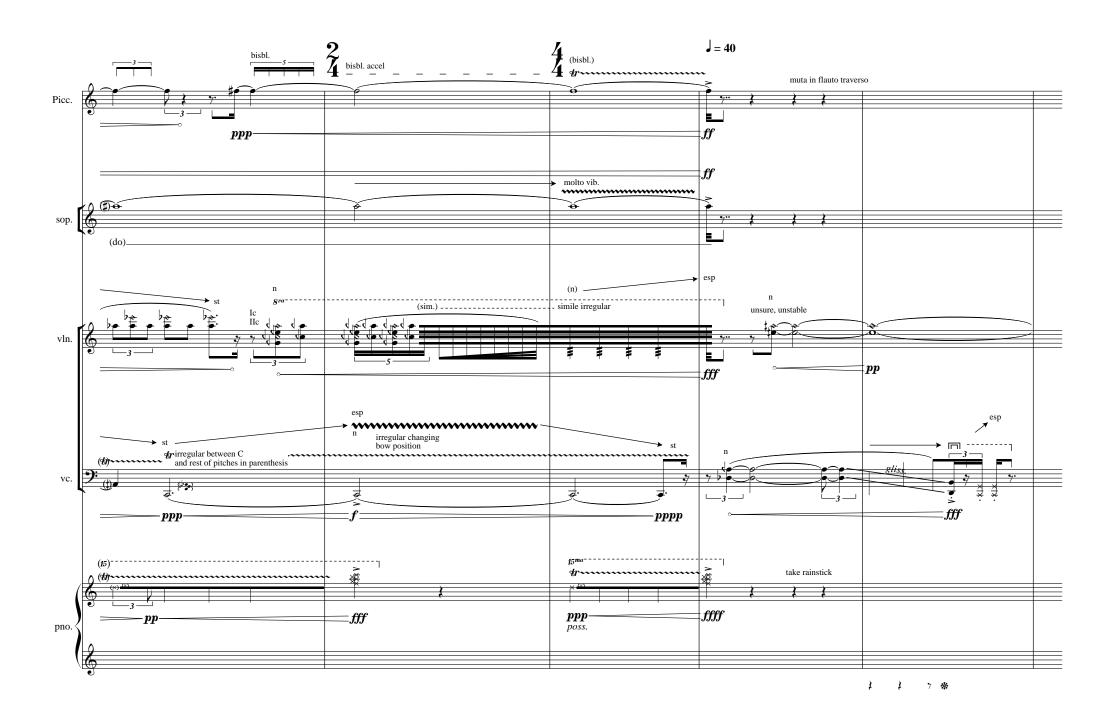


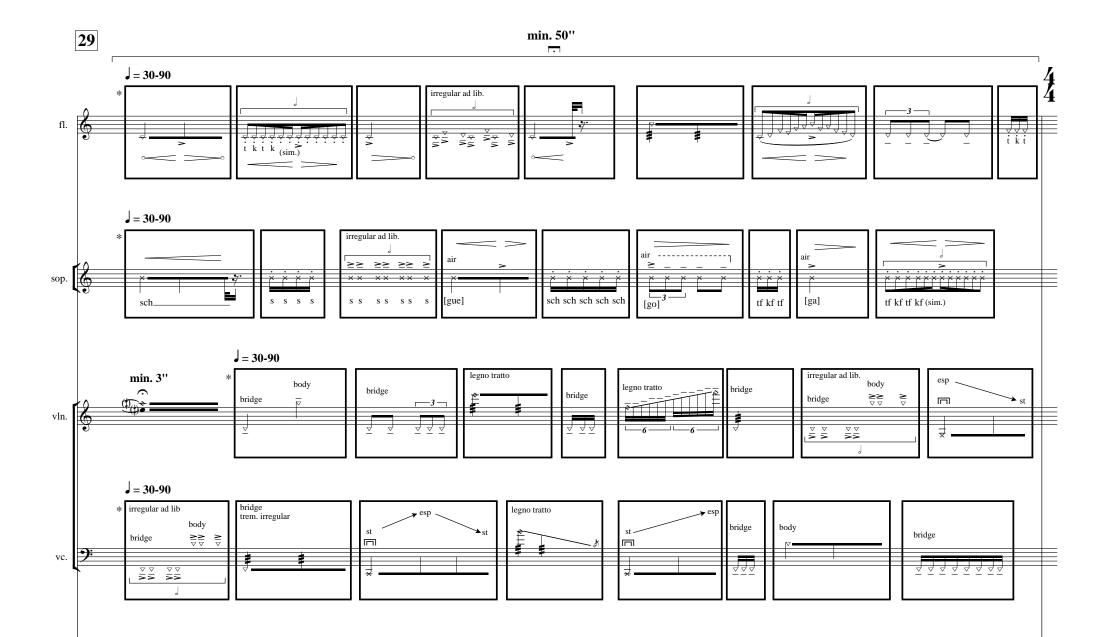












*) see performance notes

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pno.

(continue without interruption)

slightly incline the rainstick and maintain a constant rotary motion. occasionally, incline in the opposite direction while still rotating, in order to maintain a sound as continuous and homogeneous as possible.

